CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1	1. A method comprising:	
2	providing a plurality of bins stored in a memory, each of the bins including a number of	
3	rules, each rule specifying a source port range and a destination port range;	
4	identifying, from the plurality of bins, a bin corresponding to a network path and a	
5	protocol of a received packet;	
6	comparing a source port and a destination port of the received packet with the rules of the	
7	corresponding bin; and	
8	if the source port of the received packet is within the source port range of a rule and the	
9	destination port of the received packet is within the destination port range of the	
10	rule, applying an action associated with the rule to the received packet.	
1	2. The method of claim 1, wherein the rule matching the source and	
2	destination ports of the received packet comprises a highest priority matching rule.	
1	3. The method of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the source port range of each rule is specified by a source port lower bound and a source	
3	port upper bound;	
4	and the destination port range of each rule is specified by a destination port lower bound	
5	and a destination port upper bound.	

identifiers and the protocol.

1	4. The method of claim 3, wherein:
2	the source port of the received packet is within the source port range of a rule if the
3	packet's source port is greater than or equal to the source port lower bound of the
4	rule and less than or equal to the source port upper bound of the rule; and
5	the destination port of the received packet is within the destination port range of the rule
6	if the packet's destination port is greater than or equal to the destination port
7	lower bound of the rule and less than or equal to the destination port upper bound
8	of the rule.
1	5. The method of claim 1, wherein identifying a bin corresponding to a
2	network path and a protocol of a received packet comprises:
3	identifying, from a number of entries in a data structure, an entry having a source address
4	prefix matching a source address of the received packet, the matching entry
5	including a first identifier;
6	identifying, from a number of entries in another data structure, an entry having a
7	destination address prefix matching a destination address of the received packet,
8	the matching entry including a second identifier; and
9	identifying, from the number of bins, a bin corresponding to the first and second

6. The method of claim 1, wherein identifying a bin corresponding to a	
network path and a protocol of a received packet comprises:	
searching a source address data structure to find a first index and a third index, the first	
index associated with a fully specified filter having a source prefix matching the	
source address of the packet, the third index associated with a partially specified	
filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet;	
searching a destination address data structure to find a second index and a fourth index,	
the second index associated with a fully specified filter having a destination prefix	
matching the destination address of the packet, the fourth index associated with a	
partially specified filter having a destination prefix matching the destination	
address of the packet;	
forming a key from the first index, the second index, and the protocol; and	
searching a primary table for an entry matching the key, the primary table including a	
number of entries, each entry corresponding to one of a fully specified filter, a	
fully specified filter intersection, and an indicator filter;	
wherein an entry of the primary table matching the key will identify the corresponding	
bin.	

1	7. The method of claim 6, further comprising:
2	searching a first of two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from the
3	third index and the protocol, the first secondary table including a number of
4	entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter; and
5	searching a second of the two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from
6	the fourth index and the protocol, the second secondary table including a number
7	of entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter;
8	wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry in one of the two

1 8. The method of claim 7, wherein, if no match is found in the primary table 2 or either of the secondary tables, the corresponding bin comprises a default bin associated 3 with an entire two-dimensional address space.

secondary tables will identify the corresponding bin.

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exceeding a specified threshold.

1 9. The method of claim 6, further comprising: 2 searching the source address data structure to find a fifth index associated with a wide 3 filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet; 4 searching the destination address data structure to find a sixth index associated with a wide filter having a destination prefix matching the destination address of the 5 6 packet; 7 forming a second key from the fifth index, the sixth index, and the protocol; and 8 searching a wide filter table for an entry matching the second key, the wide filter table 9 including a number of entries, each entry corresponding to a wide filter; wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry the wide filter table 10 11 will identify the corresponding bin. 1 10. The method of claim 9, wherein each wide filter contained in the wide

filter table comprises a fully specified filter having a number of indicator filters

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1	11. A method comprising:	
2	identifying, from a plurality of bins stored in a memory, a bin corresponding to a network	
3	path of a received packet, each of the bins including a number of rules;	
4	issuing a command to a classification circuit, the command identifying the corresponding	
5	bin;	
6	copying the rules of the corresponding bin from the memory to the classification circuit,	
7	wherein the classification circuit compares at least one transport level field of the	
8	received packet with each of the rules and provides a match signal if a rule	
9	matches the at least one transport level field of the packet; and	
10	in response to the match signal, applying an action associated with the matching rule to	
11	the received packet.	
1	12. The method of claim 11, wherein the matching rule comprises a highest	
2	priority matching rule.	
1	13. The method of claim 11, wherein the at least one transport level field of	
2	the received packet comprises a source port and a destination port.	
1	14. The method of claim 13, wherein each rule of a bin includes a source port	
2	lower bound, a source port upper bound, a destination port lower bound, and a destination	
3	port upper bound.	

1	15. The method of claim 14, wherein a rule matches the at least one transport	
2	level field of the packet if:	
3	the source port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the source port lower	
4	bound of the rule and less than or equal to the source port upper bound of the rule;	
5	and	
6	the destination port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the destination port	
7	lower bound of the rule and less than or equal to the destination port upper bound	
8	of the rule.	
1	16. The method of claim 11, wherein the corresponding bin further	
2	corresponds to a protocol associated with the received packet.	
1	17. The method of claim 16, wherein identifying a bin corresponding to a	
2	network path of a received packet comprises:	
3	identifying, from a number of entries in a data structure, an entry having a source address	
4	prefix matching the source address of the received packet, the matching entry	
5	including a first identifier;	
6	identifying, from a number of entries in another data structure, an entry having a	
7	destination address prefix matching the destination address of the received packet,	
8	the matching entry including a second identifier; and	
9	identifying, from the number of bins, a bin corresponding to the first and second	
10	identifiers and the protocol.	

18. The method of claim 16, wherein identifying a bin corresponding to a
network path of a received packet comprises:
searching a source address data structure to find a first index and a third index, the first
index associated with a fully specified filter having a source prefix matching the
source address of the packet, the third index associated with a partially specified
filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet;
searching a destination address data structure to find a second index and a fourth index,
the second index associated with a fully specified filter having a destination prefix
matching the destination address of the packet, the fourth index associated with a
partially specified filter having a destination prefix matching the destination
address of the packet;
forming a key from the first index, the second index, and the protocol; and
searching a primary table for an entry matching the key, the primary table including a
number of entries, each entry corresponding to one of a fully specified filter, a
fully specified filter intersection, and an indicator filter;
wherein an entry of the primary table matching the key will identify the corresponding
bin.

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19. 1 The method of claim 18, further comprising: 2 searching a first of two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from the 3 third index and the protocol, the first secondary table including a number of 4 entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter; and 5 searching a second of the two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from 6 the fourth index and the protocol, the second secondary table including a number 7 of entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter; 8 wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry in one of the two

secondary tables will identify the corresponding bin.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein, if no match is found in the primary table or either of the secondary tables, the corresponding bin comprises a default bin associated with an entire two-dimensional address space.

1	21. The method of claim 18, further comprising:
2	searching the source address data structure to find a fifth index associated with a wide
3	filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet;
4	searching the destination address data structure to find a sixth index associated with a
5	wide filter having a destination prefix matching the destination address of the
6	packet;
7	forming a second key from the fifth index, the sixth index, and the protocol; and
8	searching a wide filter table for an entry matching the second key, the wide filter table
9	including a number of entries, each entry corresponding to a wide filter;
10	wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry the wide filter table

1 22. The method of claim 21, wherein each wide filter contained in the wide 2 filter table comprises a fully specified filter having a number of indicator filters 3 exceeding a specified threshold.

will identify the corresponding bin.

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1 23.	An apparatus	comprising:
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- 2 a memory, the memory having a plurality of bins stored therein, each bin including a
- 3 number of rules;
- 4 a processing system, the processing system programmed to identify, from the plurality of
- 5 bins, a bin corresponding to a network path of a received packet; and
- 6 a classification circuit coupled with the memory and the processing system, the
- 7 classification circuit to identify, from the rules of the corresponding bin, a rule
- 8 matching at least one transport level field of the packet.
- 1 24. The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the rule matching the at least one
- 2 transport level field comprises a highest priority matching rule.
- 1 25. The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the at least one transport level field of
- 2 the packet includes a source port and a destination port, and wherein each rule of a bin
- 3 includes a source port lower bound, a source port upper bound, a destination port lower
- 4 bound, and a destination port upper bound.

1	26. The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the classification circuit comprises:
2	a first comparison circuit to compare the source port of the received packet with the
3	source port lower and upper bounds of one of the rules;
4	a second comparison circuit to compare the destination port of the received packet with
5	the destination port lower and upper bounds of the rule; and
6	an output circuit to output a match signal if a rule of the corresponding bin matches the
7	source and destination ports of the received packet.
1	27. The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the rule matches the source and
2	destination ports of the received packet if:
3	the source port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the source port lower
4	bound of the rule and less than or equal to the source port upper bound of the rule
5	and '
6	the destination port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the destination port
7	lower bound of the rule and less than or equal to the destination port upper bound
8	of the rule.

identifiers and the protocol.

- 1 28. The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the corresponding bin further 2 corresponds to a protocol associated with the received packet.
- 29. 1 The apparatus of claim 28, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a 2 network path of a received packet, the processing system is programmed to perform 3 operations including: 4 identifying, from a number of entries in a data structure, an entry having a source address 5 prefix matching the source address of the received packet, the matching entry 6 including a first identifier; 7 identifying, from a number of entries in another data structure, an entry having a 8 destination address prefix matching the destination address of the received packet, 9 the matching entry including a second identifier; and 10 identifying, from the number of bins, a bin corresponding to the first and second

	The apparatus of claim 28, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a
	network path of a received packet, the processing system is programmed to perform
	operations including:
	searching a source address data structure to find a first index and a third index, the first
	index associated with a fully specified filter having a source prefix matching the
	source address of the packet, the third index associated with a partially specified
	filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet;
	searching a destination address data structure to find a second index and a fourth index,
	the second index associated with a fully specified filter having a destination prefix
	matching the destination address of the packet, the fourth index associated with a
	partially specified filter having a destination prefix matching the destination
	address of the packet;
forming a key from the first index, the second index, and the protocol; and	
searching a primary table for an entry matching the key, the primary table including a	
	number of entries, each entry corresponding to one of a fully specified filter, a
	fully specified filter intersection, and an indicator filter;
	wherein an entry of the primary table matching the key will identify the corresponding
	bin.

1	31. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a
2	network path of a received packet, the processing system is programmed to perform
3	operations further including:
4	searching a first of two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from the
5	third index and the protocol, the first secondary table including a number of
6	entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter; and
7	searching a second of the two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from
8	the fourth index and the protocol, the second secondary table including a number
9	of entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter;
10	wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry in one of the two
11	secondary tables will identify the corresponding bin.

1 32. The apparatus of claim 31, wherein, if no match is found in the primary table or either of the secondary tables, the corresponding bin comprises a default bin associated with an entire two-dimensional address space.

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- The apparatus of claim 30, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a 2 network path of a received packet, the processing system is programmed to perform 3 operations further including: 4 searching the source address data structure to find a fifth index associated with a wide 5 filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet; 6 searching the destination address data structure to find a sixth index associated with a 7 wide filter having a destination prefix matching the destination address of the 8 packet; 9 forming a second key from the fifth index, the sixth index, and the protocol; and 10 searching a wide filter table for an entry matching the second key, the wide filter table 11 including a number of entries, each entry corresponding to a wide filter; 12 wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry the wide filter table 13 will identify the corresponding bin. 1 34. The apparatus of claim 33, wherein each wide filter contained in the wide 2 filter table comprises a fully specified filter having a number of indicator filters 3 exceeding a specified threshold.
- 1 35. The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the memory, the processing system, 2 and the classification circuit comprise a single processing device.

1	36.	A system comprising:
2	a bus;	
3	a processing of	device coupled with the bus, the processing device including
4		a memory, the memory having a plurality of bins stored therein, each bin
5		including a number of rules,
6		a processing engine, the processing engine programmed to identify, from
7		the plurality of bins, a bin corresponding to a network path of a
8		received packet, and
9		a classification circuit coupled with the memory and the processing
10		engine, the classification circuit to identify, from the rules of the
11		corresponding bin, a rule matching at least one transport level field
12		of the packet; and
13	a network into	erface coupled with the bus, the network interface to couple the system with
14	an opt	ical link.
1	37.	The system of claim 36, wherein the rule matching the at least one
2	transport leve	l field comprises a highest priority matching rule.

1 38. The system of claim 36, wherein the at least one transport level field of the 2 packet includes a source port and a destination port, and wherein each rule of a bin 3 includes a source port lower bound, a source port upper bound, a destination port lower 4 bound, and a destination port upper bound. 39. 1 The system of claim 38, wherein the classification circuit comprises: 2 a first comparison circuit to compare the source port of the received packet with the 3 source port lower and upper bounds of one of the rules; 4 a second comparison circuit to compare the destination port of the received packet with 5 the destination port lower and upper bounds of the rule; and 6 an output circuit to output a match signal if a rule of the corresponding bin matches the 7 source and destination ports of the received packet. 1 40. The system of claim 39, wherein the rule matches the source and 2 destination ports of the received packet if: 3 the source port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the source port lower 4 bound of the rule and less than or equal to the source port upper bound of the rule; 5 and 6 the destination port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the destination port 7 lower bound of the rule and less than or equal to the destination port upper bound 8 of the rule.

1	41.	The system of claim 36, wherein the corresponding bin further
2	corresponds to	a protocol associated with the received packet

1	42. The system of claim 41, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a
- 2	network path of a received packet, the processing engine is programmed to perform
3	operations including:
4	identifying, from a number of entries in a data structure, an entry having a source address
5	prefix matching the source address of the received packet, the matching entry
6	including a first identifier;
7	identifying, from a number of entries in another data structure, an entry having a
8	destination address prefix matching the destination address of the received packet,
9	the matching entry including a second identifier; and
10	identifying, from the number of bins, a bin corresponding to the first and second
11	identifiers and the protocol.

43. The system of claim 41, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a
network path of a received packet, the processing engine is programmed to perform
operations including:
searching a source address data structure to find a first index and a third index, the first
index associated with a fully specified filter having a source prefix matching the
source address of the packet, the third index associated with a partially specified
filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet;
searching a destination address data structure to find a second index and a fourth index,
the second index associated with a fully specified filter having a destination prefix
matching the destination address of the packet, the fourth index associated with a
partially specified filter having a destination prefix matching the destination
address of the packet;
forming a key from the first index, the second index, and the protocol; and
searching a primary table for an entry matching the key, the primary table including a
number of entries, each entry corresponding to one of a fully specified filter, a
fully specified filter intersection, and an indicator filter;
wherein an entry of the primary table matching the key will identify the corresponding
bin.

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1 44. The system of claim 43, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a 2 network path of a received packet, the processing engine is programmed to perform 3 operations further including: 4 searching a first of two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from the 5 third index and the protocol, the first secondary table including a number of 6 entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter; and 7 searching a second of the two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from 8 the fourth index and the protocol, the second secondary table including a number 9 of entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter; 10 wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry in one of the two 11 secondary tables will identify the corresponding bin.

45. The system of claim 44, wherein, if no match is found in the primary table or either of the secondary tables, the corresponding bin comprises a default bin associated with an entire two-dimensional address space.

- 1 46. The system of claim 43, wherein to identify a bin corresponding to a 2 network path of a received packet, the processing engine is programmed to perform 3 operations further including: searching the source address data structure to find a fifth index associated with a wide 4 5 filter having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet; 6 searching the destination address data structure to find a sixth index associated with a 7 wide filter having a destination prefix matching the destination address of the 8 packet; 9 forming a second key from the fifth index, the sixth index, and the protocol; and 10 searching a wide filter table for an entry matching the second key, the wide filter table 11 including a number of entries, each entry corresponding to a wide filter; 12 wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry the wide filter table 13 will identify the corresponding bin.
- 1 47. The system of claim 46, wherein each wide filter contained in the wide 2 filter table comprises a fully specified filter having a number of indicator filters 3 exceeding a specified threshold.
- 1 48. The system of claim 36, wherein the memory comprises a static random 2 access memory (SRAM).

1	49. An article of manufacture comprising:
2	a machine accessible medium providing content that, when accessed by a machine,
3	causes the machine to
4	identify, from a plurality of bins stored in a memory, a bin corresponding to a
5	network path of a received packet, each of the bins including a number of
6	rules;
7	issue a command to a classification circuit, the command identifying the
8	corresponding bin;
9	copy the rules of the corresponding bin from the memory to the classification
10	circuit, wherein the classification circuit compares at least one transport
11	level field of the received packet with each of the rules and provides a
12	match signal if a rule matches the at least one transport level field of the
13	packet; and
14	in response to the match signal, apply an action associated with the matching rule
15	to the received packet.
1	50. The article of manufacture of claim 49, wherein the matching rule
2	comprises a highest priority matching rule.

of the rule.

- 1 51. The article of manufacture of claim 49, wherein the at least one transport
 2 level field of the received packet comprises a source port and a destination port, and
 3 wherein each rule of a bin includes a source port lower bound, a source port upper bound,
 4 a destination port lower bound, and a destination port upper bound.
- The article of manufacture of claim 51, wherein a rule matches the at least
 one transport level field of the packet if:
 the source port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the source port lower
 bound of the rule and less than or equal to the source port upper bound of the rule;
 and
 the destination port of the received packet is greater than or equal to the destination port
 lower bound of the rule and less than or equal to the destination port upper bound

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and the protocol.

- 1 53. The article of manufacture of claim 49, wherein the corresponding bin
 2 further corresponds to a protocol associated with the received packet.
- 54. 1 The article of manufacture of claim 53, wherein the content, when 2 accessed, further causes the machine, when identifying a bin corresponding to a network 3 path of a received packet, to: 4 identify, from a number of entries in a data structure, an entry having a source address 5 prefix matching the source address of the received packet, the matching entry 6. including a first identifier; 7 identify, from a number of entries in another data structure, an entry having a destination 8 address prefix matching the destination address of the received packet, the 9 matching entry including a second identifier; and

identify, from the number of bins, a bin corresponding to the first and second identifiers

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55. The article of manufacture of claim 53, wherein the content, when
accessed, further causes the machine, when identifying a bin corresponding to a network
path of a received packet, to:
search a source address data structure to find a first index and a third index, the first index
associated with a fully specified filter having a source prefix matching the source
address of the packet, the third index associated with a partially specified filter
having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet;
search a destination address data structure to find a second index and a fourth index, the
second index associated with a fully specified filter having a destination prefix
matching the destination address of the packet, the fourth index associated with a
partially specified filter having a destination prefix matching the destination
address of the packet;
form a key from the first index, the second index, and the protocol; and
search a primary table for an entry matching the key, the primary table including a
number of entries, each entry corresponding to one of a fully specified filter, a
fully specified filter intersection, and an indicator filter;
wherein an entry of the primary table matching the key will identify the corresponding
bin.

1	56. The article of manufacture of claim 55, wherein the content, when
2	accessed, further causes the machine to:
3	search a first of two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from the third
4	index and the protocol, the first secondary table including a number of entries,
5	each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter; and
6	search a second of the two secondary tables for an entry matching a key formed from the
7	fourth index and the protocol, the second secondary table including a number of
8	entries, each entry corresponding to a partially specified filter;
9	wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry in one of the two
10	secondary tables will identify the corresponding bin.

The article of manufacture of claim 56, wherein, if no match is found in the primary table or either of the secondary tables, the corresponding bin comprises a default bin associated with an entire two-dimensional address space.

I	58. The article of manufacture of claim 55, wherein the content, when
2	accessed, further causes the machine to:
3	search the source address data structure to find a fifth index associated with a wide filter
4	having a source prefix matching the source address of the packet;
5	search the destination address data structure to find a sixth index associated with a wide
6	filter having a destination prefix matching the destination address of the packet;
7	form a second key from the fifth index, the sixth index, and the protocol; and
8	search a wide filter table for an entry matching the second key, the wide filter table
9	including a number of entries, each entry corresponding to a wide filter;
10	wherein, if no match is found in the primary table, a matching entry the wide filter table
11	will identify the corresponding bin.

1 59. The article of manufacture of claim 58, wherein each wide filter contained 2 in the wide filter table comprises a fully specified filter having a number of indicator 3 filters exceeding a specified threshold.